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Miscellaneous Notes on the East-Asiatic Pteridophytes with special reference to the Japanese Species (VII)

Ву

Motozi Tagawa

田川基二: 東亞羊齒植物雜考(其七)

77) Dennstædtia hirsuta (Sw.) Mett. in Ann Lugd. Bat. 3: 181 (1867).

Davallia hirsuta Sw. in Schrad. Journ. Bot. **1800**² 81 (1801); Syn. Fil. 131, 343 (1806).

Microlepia hirsuta (Sw.) DIELS in ENGL., Bot. Jahrb. 29: 196 (1900), non Pr. (1849).

Trichomanes japonicum Poir., Enc. 8:79 (1808), non Thunb. (1784).

Davallia pilosella Hook., 2nd Cent. Ferns t. 96 (1861).

Microlepia pilosella (Hook.) Moore, Ind. Fil. 298 (1861).

Fuziifilix pilosella (Ноок.) Nakai et Momose in Cytologia Fujii Jubilee Vol. 365 (1937).

Trichomanes hirsutum (L. err. det.) Thunb., Fl. Jap. 339 (1784).

Nom. Jap. Inu-sida.

Hab. Japan (Hokkaidô, Honsyû, Sikoku, Kyûsyû, Korea, Formosa), East Siberia, Manchuria and China.

Plant covered with shaggy hairs everywhere, sori marginal, both indusia, lower and upper, entirely connate, forming a cyathiform, often slightly reflexed pocket. This little fern is now usually referred to *Microlepia Pr.*, but in sori and dermal hairs it agrees quite well with the species of *Dennstædtia*

Bernh. It is, I think, most natural to place it in Dennstædtia Bernh.

78) Spicantopsis niponica (Kunze) Nakai var. minima Tagawa, var. nov.

Rhizoma minus, cum reliquis stipitis vix 1.5 cm latum. Squamæ stipitis breviores vix 8 mm longæ. Frondes minores, sterilibus 5–10 cm longis 1.5–3 cm latis, pinnis 10–15–jugis, mediis 7–15 mm longis 2.5–4 mm latis, venis furcatis, frondibus fertilibus 10–15 cm longis 1–2 cm latis, pinnis soriferis ca. 10–jugis, mediis 5–10 mm longis ca. 2 mm latis, 5–7 mm inter se distantibus.

Nom. Jap. Hime-sisigasira, (nom. nov.).

Hab. Kyûsyû. Prov. Ôsumi: Hananoego, Isl. Yaku-sima (M. TAGAWA, No. 853! Aug. 18, 1933. Type in Herb. Kyôto Imp. Univ.).

A variety with the smaller rhizome and fronds, and the simpler venation. In typical S. niponica NAKAI all parts are much larger. Rhizome up to 5 cm thick including basal remains of stipe. Scales on stipe up to 12 mm long, sterile fronds usually 20-30 cm long by 5-10 cm broad, pinnæ numerous about 5 mm wide, basal anterior vein twice forked, the following as a rule once forked, fertile fron s usually 30-50 cm long by 4-7 cm broad.

79) Asplenium cuneatiforme Christ in Bull. Herb. Boiss. sér. 2. 4: 613 (1904); MATSUM. et HAYATA, Enum. Pl. Form. 601 (1906); MAKINO et NEMOTO, Fl. Jap. 1579 (1925).

Asplenium cuneatum (Lam. err. det.) Matsum. et Hayata, l. c.; Makino et Nemoto, l.c. 1580; Ogata, Ic. Fil. Jap. 6 t. 255 (1935).

Rhizoma breviter repens vel ascendens, squamis lanceolatis integris fusco-brunneis dense obtectum. Stipes cæspitosus, 20–30 cm longus, griseus vel fuscus, supra tenuiter sulcatus, ad basin squamis anguste lanceolatis longe acuminatis integris fusco-brunneis 2–4 mm longis præditus, sursum squamis minoribus lanceolatis basi fimbriato-laceratis parce dispersus. Lamina anguste triangulari-lanceolata, ad apicem acuminatissimum sensim attenuata, 20–40 cm longa, 5–10 cm supra basin lata, in parte dimidia superiore pinnata inferiore bipinnatifida vel bipinnata, distantia ca. 2 cm infra apicem superne sæpe gemmifera, textura subcoriacea; rachide grisea squamis minimis e basi

fimbriatolacerata lanceolatis parcissime dispersa dein glabrescente; pinnis alternis vel suboppositis, patentibus usque erecto-patentibus, infra acumen laminæ profunde pinnatifida ca. 15–20-jugis, superne glabris, inferne sub lente squamis e basi fimbriato-lacerata lanceolatis parcissime dispersis, pinnis superioribus oblique lanceolatis, apice acutis, basi cuneatis subsessilibus, margine grosse remoteque inciso-serratis (serrulis obtusis), pinnis inferioribus e basi late oblique cuneata breviter petiolata sensim attenuatis, sæpe falcatis, apice acuminatis, pinnatifidis vel in parte dimidia superiore pinnatifidis inferiore pinnatis, 5–8 cm longis, 1.5–3 cm basi latis, pinnulis vel segmentis oblongis vel obovatis, basi cuneatis sessilibus vel adnatis, apice rotundatis vel subtruncatis dentatis (dentibus obtusis), pinnulis infimis anterioribus maximis, ad 2 cm longis, 1 cm latis; costis pinnarum utrinque elevatis, venis venulisque utrinque inconspicuis, venulis ad apicem dentis non attingentibus. Sori lineares ascendentes, ad 10 mm longi, indusiis integris ca. 1 mm latis, sporis subreniforme ellipsoideis, periniis laxe rugoso-reticulatis.

Nom. Jap. Tahasago-yabukuzyaku, Hôrai-yabukuzyaku, Ôba-no-hôraisida. Hab. Fo: mosa. Prov. Taihoku: in rupibus humidis montium Kushaku (U. Faurie, No. 661! June 8, 1903); Agyoku (J. Ohwi, No. 688! Apr. 10, 1933); inter Urai et Agyoku (M. Tagawa, No. 164! Aug. 3, 1934); inter Urai et Rimogan (M. Tagawa, No. 267! Aug. 6, 1934); prope Doba, Ratô-gun (M. Tagawa, No. 125! July 29, 1934); Rimogan (T. Irô! Nov. 1914). Prov. Takao: Kuarusu (E. Matuda! Jan. 1, 1917). Prov. Taitô: between Daizyurin and Syussuiha (J. Ohwi, No. 447! Apr. 1, 1933); inter Miharasi et Miyama (M. Tagawa, No. 1042! Oct. 3, 1934).

A beautiful fern growing on mossy tree-trunks or rocks in shady forests. This is very near A. spathulinum J. Sm. and is distinguished only by the narrower and less divided frond.

80) Asplenium arisanense Tagawa, sp. nov.

Asplenium psevdo-falcatum Hill var. subintegra Rosenst. in Hedwigia **56**: 334 (1915); Nemoto, Fl. Jap. Suppl. 12 (1936).

Rhizoma breviter repens vel ascendens, squamis lanceolatis longe acuminatis integris dense præditum. Stipes cæspitosus 10-20 cm longus fuscus,

supra vix sulcatus, ad basin squamis lanceolatis longe acuminatis integris 2-3 mm longis præditus, sursum squamis minoribus lanceolatis basi fimbriatolaceratis parcissime dispersus. Lamina anguste lanceolata, ad basin vix attenuata a medio sursum ad apicem longe acuminatissimum sensim attenuata, 20-30 cm longa. 3-5 cm medio lata, unipinnata, textura rigide herbacea crassiuscula; rachide fusca, squamis minimis e basi lacerato-fimbriata lanceolatis parcissime dispersa, dein glabrescente, superne distantia ca. 5 cm infra apicem laminæ gemmifera; pinnis alternis vel suboppositis, breviter petiolatis, patentibus vel leviter ascendentibus, infra acumen laminæ profunde pinnatifida ca. 15-20-jugis, oblique lanceolatis, apice obtusis vel acutiusculis, basi antice truncatis ad rachidem parallelis subauriculatis, postice cuneatis, margine irregulariter crenato-serratis, supra glabris, subtus sub lente squamis e basi lacerato-fimbriata lanceolatis parcissime dispersis, pinnis inferioribus maximis, 2-3.5 cm longis, 8-12 mm supra basin latis; costis utrinque plus minus elevatis, venis erecto-patentibus, infimis anterioribus pinnatis, ceteris bifurcatis, venulis ad apicem serræ non attingentibus. Sori lineares, ad 10 mm longi, mediales, 3-6 utrinque, indusiis integris ca. 1 mm latis.

Nom. Jap. Arisan-yabukuzyaku.

Hab. Formosa. Prov. Tainan: Bunkikiyo 1500 m in rupibus (U. FAURIE, No. 455^{bis}! May 1914. Type in Herb. Kyôto Imp. Univ.).

This is no doubt most closely related to A. cuneatiforme Christ, but differs from it by the narrower lanceolate lamina, and the obliquely lanceolate, obtuse or acutish, and never pinnatifid pinnæ.

81) **Diplazium hachijoense** Nakai in Bot. Mag. Tokyo **35**: 148 (1921); Makino et Nemoto, Fl. Jap. 1602 (1925).

Diplazium siroyamaense TAGAWA in Acta Phytotax. Geobot. 2: 197 (1933), cum syn.; OGATA, Ic. Fil. Jap. 7 t. 309 (1936).

Nom. Jap. Siroyama-sida, Teriha-siroyamasida.

Hab. Honsyû (Izu, Ise, Kii, Ettyû, Etizen, Wakasa, Tazima, Nagato), Sikoku, Kyûsyû, Quelpart, Isl. Amami-Ôsima, and Isl. Okinawa.

In my opinion D. hachijoense Nakai and D. siroyamaense Tagawa represent the same species. The type of D. hachijoense is a sterile frond from

Isl. Hatizyô. The first name, having priority, is the valid one.

82) Athyrium Atkinsoni Bedd., Ferns Brit. Ind. Suppl. 11. t. 359 (1876); C. Chr. in Contr. U. S. Nat. Herb. 26: 300 (1931); Ind. Fil. Suppl. III. 40 (1934), cum syn.

Nom. Jap. Tebako-warabi, Miyama-Ôinuwarabi.

Hab. Formosa. Prov. Taityû: Nôkô-goe (J. Ohwi, Nos. 3229, 3232, 3234, 3235! June 1933); inter Tâtaka et Niitakasita, Mt. Niitaka (M. TAGAWA, No. 404! Aug. 16, 1934). Prov. Tainan: Arisan, in rupibus humidis alt. 2500 m (U. Faurie, No. 501! June 1914).

Distr. Himalaya, China, Formosa, and Japan (Higo, Tosa, Iyo, Awa, Tango. Ômi, Hida, Etizen, Mino, Sinano).

A new addition to the Flora of Formosa.

83) Dryopteris coreano-montana Nakai in Bot. Mag. Tokyo 35: 132 (1921); Kom. et Klob.-Alisova, Key Pl. Far East Reg. USSR. 1: 64 (1931).

Dryopteris filix mas Schott var. setosa Christ in Bull. Acad. Int. Géogr. Bot. 1909. mém. 164(1909); Fomin in Fl. Sibir. Or. Extr. 5:57 (1930); Kom. et Klob.-Alisova, l. c. 67.

Dryopteris crassirhizoma Nakai var. setosa (Christ) Miyabe et Kudo, Fl. Hokk. Saghal. 15 (1930); Tagawa in Acta Phytotax. Geobot. 1: 306 (1932). Nom. Jap. Osida-modoki, Ezo-menma.

Hab. Korea. Prov. Kanhoku: Kanjan-muri (J. Онwi, No. 2858! July 31, 1930); Mt. Tôryû-san (J. Онwi, No. 2740! July 26, 1930); Mt. Nanhaseki-san (R. Sairô, No. 1426! Sept. 19, 1935). Prov. Kannan: Mt. Syazitu-hô (G. Колодимі! July 25, 1933).

Saghalien. In silvis Takinosawa (U. Faurie, No. 297! July 1908); Kawakita (S. Sugawara!); Mt. Suzuya-dake (S. Sugawara!); without accurate locality (U. Faurie, No. 42! Oct. 1907).

Honsyû. Prov. Kai: prope Sirane-oike, Mt. Kita-dake (M. TAGAWA, No. 481! Aug. 15, 1932).

Distr. Amur, North Korea, Saghalien and Honsyû.

84) Polystichum inaense (Tagawa) Tagawa, comb. nov.

Dryopteris inaensis Tagawa in Acta Phytotax. Geobot. 3: 90 (1934). Nom. Jap. Ina-denda.

Hab. Honsyû. Prov. Sinano: Mt. Toyokuti-yama, Ina-gun (J. Sugiмото, No. 4774! July 28, 1925).

Near P. lachenense Bedd., differing from which by the smaller size, the narrower scales, and the deeply lacerate indusia. The indusia of this species are rather large and excentrically peltate, i. e. the stalk is attached near the base of shallow sinus. Therefor the indusia appear to be reniform.

85) **Tectaria fuscipes** (Wall.) C. Chr. in Contr. U. S. Nat. Herb. **26**: 290 (1931); Ind. Fil. Suppl. III. 179 (1934), cum syn.; Ching in Sinensia **2**: 14 (1931), cum syn.

Hab. Formosa. Prov. Takao: Tyûsinron, Kizan-gun (S. Окамото! Sept. 24, 1937).

Distr. India, South China, Tonking, and Formosa.

A new addition to the Flora of Formosa. The plant from Formosa agrees well with Clarke's figures¹⁾, but the fertile frond is more contracted.

86) Tectaria Griffithii (Bak.) C. Chr., Ind. Fil. Suppl. III. 180 (1934), cum syn.

Tectaria multicaudatum (Wall.) CHING in Sinensia 2: 20 (1931), cum syn. Hab. Formosa. Prov. Takao: Bankinsing secus torrentis montium (U. Faurie, No. 73! Feb. 1914); Raisha 800 m (U. Faurie, No. 95! March 1914), Distr. North India, South China and Formosa

A new addition to the Flora of Formosa. The plant from Formosa agrees well with Clarke's figure²⁾, but rachis is less hairy beneath.

87) Tectaria phæocaulis (Rosenst.) C. Car., Ind. Fil. Suppl. III. 183 (1934).

Aspidium phæocaulon Rosenst. in Hedwigia 56: 345 (1915).

¹⁾ CLARKE in Tr. Linn. Soc. II. Bot. 1: 534. t. 74, fig. A (1880), sub Nephrodio membranifolio Pr.

²⁾ CLARKE in Tr. Linn. Soc. II. Bot. 1: 540. t. 77 (1880), sub Nephrodio multicaudato Clarke.

Tectaria laciniata Ching in Bull. Fan. Memor. Inst. Biol. 2: 200. t. 15 (1931); in Sinensia 2: 24 (1931).

Sagenia variolata (Moore err. det.) NAKAI in Bot. Mag. Tokyo 47: 168 (1933).

Nom. Jap. Kawari-usubasida, Kuroguki-sida.

Hab. Formosa. Prov. Taihoku: in montibus Kushaku(U. FAURIE, No. 636! June 6, 1903); Shinten (U. FAURIE, No. 34! Jan. 1914); Urai in lacunis (U. FAURIE, No. 33! Apr. 1914). Prov. Takao: Botansya (N. FUKUYAMA, No. 4507! May 1924); Kusukusu (M. TAGAWA, No. 944! Sept. 21, 1934).

Ryûkyû. Isl. Okinawa: Nakagami (G. Koidzumi! May 1923); Sate (G. Koidzumi! May 1923); Mt. Tanyû-dake, Haneti-mura (T. Kanasiro, No. 105! Jan. 5, 1938); Mt. Okuma-yama, Kunigami-mura (T. Kanasiro, No. 552! March 20, 1938).

Distr. South China, Tonking, Formosa and Ryûkyû.

摘 要

- 77) **いぬしだ**ハ今日一般 = いしかぐま屬 (Microlepia) PR. ニ入レラレテキルガ、虁堆 ノ形狀ハ全クこばのいしかぐま屬 (Dennstædtia Bernh.) = 一致シテキル。故 = 古クMet Tenius ガシタヤウニ Dennstædtia ニ入レテ學名ニハ D. hirsuta (Sw.) Mett. ヲ用ヒルノガヨイト思フ。百瀬氏ハ Gametophyte ノ特徴ヲ老慮シテ新屬 Fuliifilix Nakai et Momose ヲタテ、學名ヲ F. pilosella Nakai et Momose トセラレタガ、Gametophyte ニ就イテ吾人ノ知ルトコロガ極メテ少イ今日デハ不十分ナ比較シカデキナイカラ、コ、デハシバラク考慮ノ外ニオイタ。種名ニハ hirsuta ヲ用ヒルノガヨイト思フ。
 - 78) **水めしかしら**(新羅) **Spicantopsis niponica** var. minima Tagawa ハししがしらノ小形ノ變種デ、筆者ガ屋久島ノ花ノ江川デ採集シタモノデアル。根莖ハ葉柄ノ基部ト共ニ徑約 1.5 cm、葉柄ノ鱗片ハズット短クデ約 8 mm 葉ハ小サク、裸葉ハ長サ5-10 cm 幅 1.5-3 cm、羽片ハ 10-15 對、中部ノ羽片ハ長サ7-15 mm 幅 2.5-4 mm、側脈ハ2 叉シ、最下前側ノモノノミソノ後側ノ細脈ガモウ1 回2 叉シテキル、實葉ハ長サ10-15 cm 幅 1-2 cm 嚢雄ノアル羽片ハ約 10 對、中部ノ羽片ハ長サ5-10 mm 幅約2 mm 互 5-7 mm バカリハナレテキル。ししがしら デハ各部ガズット 大キク、根莖ハ葉柄ノ基部ト共ニー握リホドノ 太サガアリ、葉柄ノ鱗片ハ長サ12 mm ニ達シ、裸葉ハ通常長サ20-30 cm 幅 5-10 cm 羽片ハ數多ク、幅約5 mm、最下前側ノ側脈ハ2 回叉状ニ分岐シ、他ノ側脈ハ一般ニ2 叉スルノミ、實葉ハ通常長サ30-50 cm 幅 4-7 cm デアル。

- 79) Asplenium cuneatum LAM. = アテテほうらいやぶじやくトカおほばのほうらいしだトカ呼バレテキル臺灣ノ羊歯ハ**たかきごやぶくじやく Asplenium cuneatiforme** CHRIST デアル。コレハ FAURIE ガ臺北ニ近イ屈尺デ發見シタモノデ、ルゾンノ A. spatulinum J. SM. ニ非常ニヨク似テヲリ、僅ニ葉ノ細イコトト初片ノ切込ガ淺イコトトデ區別ガデキルダケデアル。
- 80) **ありさんやぶくじやく**ハ Faurie が阿里山デ採集シ、Rosenstock が Asplenium pseudofalcatum Hill. var. subintegra Rosenst. ト命名シタモノデアル。コレハハワイノ A. pseudofalcatum Hill. ヨリハたかさごやぶくじやくニ近イモノデアルが、葉身ハ 狭披針形、羽片ハ斜披針形、鏡頭又ハ鈍頭、 決シテ分裂シテヰナイカラ區別スルコトトガデキル。別種ニシテ Asplenium arisanense Tagawa ト命名シタ。 A. pseudofalcatum Hill. ハハワイノモノデたかさごやぶくじやくノ大キイヤウナモノデアル。
- 81) てりはしろやましだ Diplazium hachijoense NAKAI / 原標本ハ人丈島デ採集セラレタ先取權/アルしろやましだ D. siroyamaense TAGAWA / 裸葉デアル。後ツテ**しろやましだ** / 學名ハ D. hachijoense NAKAI デアツテ、D. siroyamaense TAGAWA ハソノ異名トナル。沖縄、奄美大島、濟州島、九州、四國、本州(伊豆、伊勢、紀伊、越中、越前,若狹、但馬、長門)=アル。
- 82) **てばてわらび**ハ臺灣ノ高山ニモアル。ソシテコレハ CHRISTENSEN ガ考ヘルヤウニ<u>ヒマラヤ</u>ヤ支那ニアル **Athyrium Atkinsoni** BEDD. ト同種デアル。異名ガ澤山ニアルガ、コレラノウチデ Aspidium senanense Fr. et. Sav., Polypodium leptophyllum Bak., Athyrium microsorum Makino ノ三ツハ日本ノモノニ附ケラレタ名前デナル。葉ノ大小、切込ノ程度ニハ頗ル變化ガ多イ。
- 83) 樺太ノえぞめんまト北鮮ノ**をしだめどき**トハ同種デアルト思フ。學名ニハ **Dryopteris coreano-montana** NAKAI ヲ用ヒル。アムールニモアリ、甲斐ノ北岳ニモアル。をしだ D. crassirħizoma NAKAI ヨリハ歐洲ノ D. filix mas (L.) Schott ニ近イモノデアラウ。
- 84) **いなてんだ**ハ を しだ 屬ノモノデハナクテ ゐので屬ノモノデアルカラ、學 名ラ Polystichum inaense (Tagawa) Tagawa ト變更シタ₀
- 85) 印度ヤ南支那、東京ナドニアル **Tectaria fuscipes** (WALL.) C. CHR. ガ臺灣高雄州旗山郡中心崙デ發見セラレタ。岡本省吾氏ノ採集。臺灣ニハ新發見ノ一種デアル。
- 86) **Tectaria Griffithii** (BAK.) C. CHR. モ臺灣ニアル。FAURIE ガ高雄州ノ萬金庄トライ社トデ採集シテキル。 コレモ印度ヤ南支那ニアルモノデ、臺灣ニハ新發見ノ一種デアル。
- 87) 琉球ヤ臺灣ニアル**かはりらすばしだ**ハ Sagenia variolata Moore デハナクテ FAU-RIE ガ臺灣デ發見シタ **Tectaria phæocaulis** (Rosenst.) C. Chr. デアルト思フ。南 支那ヤ東京ニアル T. laciniata Ching モ同種デアル。